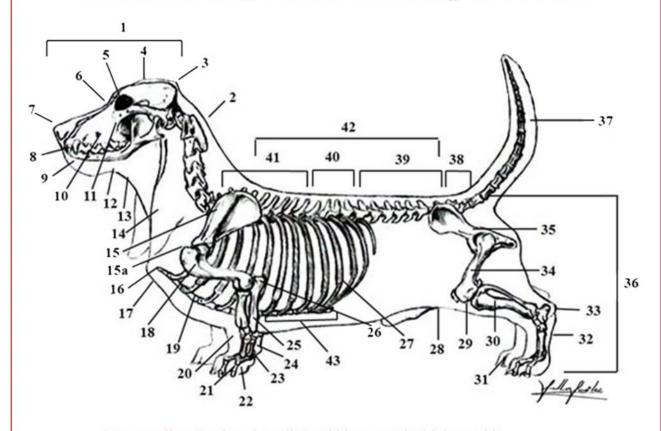
## Parts of the Basset Hound With Definitions from the Breed Standard

Descriptions **not in italics** describe what the AKC Breed Standard calls for regarding that specific part or feature in the Basset Hound. Definitions in **italicized type** are from Gilbert and Brown. (2001). **K-9 Structure and Terminology**. New York: Howell.



- 1. HEAD Large, well proportioned, medium width; covered with loose skin.
- 2. NECK Powerful; good length; well arched.
- **3. OCCIPUT** (High point of the back part of the head) pronounced.
- **4. SKULL** Well domed; pronounced occipital protuberance; length from nose to stop is approximately the length from stop to occiput. Top lines of muzzle and skull are straight and lie in parallel planes.
- 5. EYES Soft, sad, slightly sunken; prominent haw; brown or dark brown preferred.
- **6. STOP** (*The change in profile lines between the muzzle and skull*) Moderately defined.
- NOSE Darkly pigmented; preferably black; large wide-open nostrils; liver color permissible if conforms with head color.
- 8. TEETH Scissors or even bite.
- LIPS Darkly pigmented; pendulous; fall squarely in front and towards the back in loose hanging flews.

- 10. MUZZLE (Head in front of the eyes) Deep, heavy, free from snipiness.
- 11. **CHEEK** (The side of the head) Flat; free of cheek bumps (i.e., the masseter muscles below the eyes are not overly developed).
- 12. FLEW (The corner rear portion of the upper lip) Loose hanging.
- 13. **DEWLAP** (Loose pendulous folds of skin about the neck) Pronounced.
- **14. EARS** Extremely long, low set; fold over end of nose; ends curl slightly inward; set far back on the head at the base of skull.
- 15. SHOULDER BLADE (Scapula) Well laid back.
- 15a. POINT OF SHOULDER (Foremost tip of upper arm)
- **16. PROSTERNUM** (Point of the breastbone. Is in front of point of shoulder when viewed from side.) Prominent.
- 17. CHEST (Forepart of the body enclosed by the ribs and breastbone) Deep, full; prominent sternum showing clearly in front of the legs.
- 18. UPPER ARM (Humerus) In the Basset Hound it is about the same length as the shoulder blade.
- 19. STERNUM (Breastbone; brisket. The lower part of the chest between and in front of the legs). Should extend well back behind the front legs.
- 20. FORELEGS (Front legs) Short, powerful, heavy in bone with wrinkled skin.
- 21. TOES Neither pinched nor splayed.
- **22. PAW** (*Foot*) Massive, very heavy with tough heavy pads; well rounded; both front feet inclined equally a trifle outward.
- 23. PASTERN (Region between the wrist and forefoot). Feet down at the pastern are a serious fault.
- **24. WRIST** (Region between the forearm and the pastern).
- 25. ULNA (One of the two bones of the foreleg).
- 26. ELBOW Set close to the side of the chest.
- 27. RIBCAGE Long, smooth; extends well back; well sprung.
- **28.** TUCK-UP (Area of the lower stomach line or belly).
- 29. KNEE or STIFLE Well-let-down.
- **30.** LOWER THIGH (Second thigh)
- 31. HIND FEET Point straight ahead.
- 32. REAR PASTERNS Turn neither in nor out. Hind legs are parallel when viewed from behind.
- 33. HOCKS Turn neither in nor out.
- 34. UPPER THIGH (First thigh)
- **35. PELVIS** (Provide sockets for attachment of rear legs)
- 36. HINDQUARTERS Full and well rounded.
- **37. TAIL** Set in a continuation of the spine with but slight curvature, and carried gaily in hound fashion.
- **38. CROUP** (Portion of the body above the hind legs extending from loin to the set-on of tail).
- **39. LOIN** (Area between the end of the ribcage and croup).
- **40. TRUE BACK** (*The portion of the anatomy between the withers and the loin*).
- **41. WITHERS** (Highest point of the shoulders behind the neck. 1st to 9th thoracic vertebrae). Should not exceed 14", over 15" disqualifies.
- **42. BACKLINE** (*Line from the rear of the withers to the tail set*) Straight, level, and free from any tendency to sag or roach.
- **43. POSTERIOR STERNUM** (Sternum is the portion of the breastbone running between the forelegs and extending backward to the line of the abdomen). BHCA JE refers to the sternum that extends back behind the front legs as posterior sternum.